

## Highfield Functional Skills Qualification in Mathematics at Level 2 - MOCK

PAPERCODE: FSQC209\_MS

Question	Total marks	Subject content	Process	Marker annotation	Accepted answer AFT = allow follow through CAO = correct answer only
<b>1</b> (Q8 On-screen)	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	Calculate 23% percentage of the amount given	<b>1CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> 135.93
<b>2</b> (Q9 On-screen)	<b>2</b>			<b>2CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> <b>17.89%</b>
		If the answer is incorrect revert to:			
		<b>5</b>	Method to calculate percent	<b>1a</b>	68 ÷ 380 OE
		<b>5</b>	Correct answer	<b>1b</b>	CAO 17.89(%) accept appropriate rounding e.g. 18%, 17.9%, etc.
<b>3</b> (Q10 On-screen)	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	Use a suitable strategy to check the answer to previous question	<b>1CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> Suitable checking strategy used and accurately applied E.g. $380 \div 100 \times 18 = 68.4$
<b>4</b> (Q11 On-screen)	<b>2</b>			<b>2CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> <b>31.4</b>
		<b>16</b>	Uses the correct method to calculate circumference of circle	<b>1a</b>	$2 \times 3.14 \times 5$ (allow any correct pi values)
		<b>16</b>	Finds the correct answer	<b>1b</b>	CAO 31.4
<b>5</b> (Q12 On-screen)	<b>2</b>			<b>2CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> <b>390</b>
		If the answer is incorrect revert to:			
		<b>23</b>	Identifies the two middle values	<b>1a</b>	CAO 345 and 435
		<b>23</b>	Calculates the median	<b>1b</b>	CAO 390

<b>6</b> (Q13 On-screen)	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	Use coordinates to specify position	<b>1a</b>	<b>CAO</b> -3, -6
<b>7</b> (Q14 On-screen)	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>	Follow the order of precedence to find value of n	<b>1CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> 2278
<b>8</b> (Q15 On-screen)	<b>2</b>			<b>2CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> <b>6.58 (mph)</b>
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			
		<b>15</b>	Method for calculating speed	<b>1a</b>	$15.8 \div 2.4$
		<b>15</b>	Accurately calculate the speed	<b>1b</b>	<b>CAO</b> 6.58 (mph)
<b>9</b> (Q16 On-screen)	<b>2</b>			<b>2CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> $\frac{2}{7}$
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			
		<b>8</b>	Express 18 out of 63 as a fraction	<b>1a</b>	<b>CAO</b> $\frac{18}{63}$
		<b>8</b>	Simplify their identified fraction	<b>1b</b>	<b>AFT</b> Correct simplification of their fraction $(\frac{2}{7})$

10 (Q17 On-screen)	5			5CA	CAO 3 correct values in table (120, 457 and 556) and 74% or appropriately rounded percentage			
		If the answer is incorrect revert to:						
		2	Calculate two cells correctly	1a	CAO Two cells correct			
						Use contactless payments	Do not use contactless payments	Total
					Aged 30 and under	951	446	1397
					Aged over 30 years	337	120	457
		Total	1288	566	1854			
		2	Calculate all three cells correctly	1b	CAO All three cells correct			
	Use contactless payments				Do not use contactless payments	Total		
Aged 30 and under	951				446	1397		
Aged over 30 years	337				120	457		
Total	1288	566	1854					
26	Selects the correct figures from the table	1c	AFT 337 ÷ (457)					
26	Calculates the probability	1d	AFT (0.737) OE Accept correct rounding					
27	Converts decimal to percentage	1e	AFT 74% accept appropriate rounding e.g. 73.7%					

<b>11</b> (Q18 On-screen)	<b>6</b>			<b>6CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> <b>31 minutes</b>
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			
		<b>2</b>	Calculates the total frequency	<b>1a</b>	CAO 44
		<b>24</b>	Calculates the mid-range	<b>1b</b>	CAO 5 15 25 35 45 55
		<b>24</b>	Calculates the mid-range x frequency	<b>1c</b>	AFT 30 120 50 525 405 220
		<b>24</b>	Addition of mid-range x frequency	<b>1d</b>	CAO 1350
		<b>24</b>	Divides their total by the frequency	<b>1e</b>	AFT (1350) ÷ 44
		<b>24</b>	Calculate the mean, rounded to the nearest whole minute	<b>1f</b>	CAO 31 minutes

<b>12</b> (Q19 On-screen)	<b>6</b>			<b>6CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> B and (£)40.50 or (£)1540.50 seen + correct calculations for A & C
		If the answer is incorrect revert to:			
		<b>3</b>	Method for calculating option A	<b>1a</b>	$(0.08 \times 182) \times 3$
		<b>3</b>	Total cost for option A	<b>1b</b>	CAO (£)43.68 OR (£)1543.68
		<b>13</b>	Method for calculating option B	<b>1c</b>	$(100 + 2.7) \div 100$ $1500 \times 0.027$
		<b>13</b>	Total cost for option B	<b>1d</b>	CAO (£)1540.50 OR (£)40.50
		<b>6</b>	Total cost for option C	<b>1e</b>	CAO $(1500 \times 0.005) \times 6$ AND (£)45 OR (£)1545 seen
		<b>6</b>	Cheapest options calculated	<b>1f</b>	CAO B and (£)40.50 OR (£)1540.50 + correct calculations for A & C seen

<b>13</b> (Q20 On-screen)	<b>5</b>			<b>5CA</b>	CAO 18 (.18)%
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			<b>Alternative method:</b>
		<b>25</b>	Method to find mean of 2017	<b>1a</b>	$(900,000 + 750,000 + 550,000 + 550,000) \div 4$ (900,000 + 750,000 + 550,000 + 550,000) ÷ 4 = 687,500
		<b>25</b>	Method to find mean of 2018	<b>1b</b>	$(950,000 + 850,000 + 600,000 + 850,000) \div 4$ Calculates differences between 2017 and 2018 figures: 50,000 100,000 50,000 300,000 (=500,000)
		<b>25</b>	Both mean values correct	<b>1c</b>	CAO 687,500 AND 812,500 Divides by 4 (500,000) ÷ 4 = 125,000
		<b>5</b>	Method to find % increase	<b>1d</b>	AFT $(812,500) - (687,500) = (125,000)$ $(125,000) \div (687,500) = (0.18 \times 100)$
		<b>13</b>	Correct value	<b>1e</b>	CAO 18(.18)% (accept suitable rounding)
<b>14</b> (Q21 On-screen)	<b>6</b>			<b>6CA</b>	CAO (£)345.32
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			
		<b>10</b>	Calculation of wage use hourly rate (Monday - Friday)	<b>1a</b>	CAO $(7.5 \times 5) \times 8.90$ OR 333.75
		<b>4</b>	Convert Saturday rate	<b>1b</b>	CAO $4 \times 1.25$ OR 44.50
		<b>10</b>	Calculates the wage for the Sunday hours	<b>1c</b>	CAO $(3 \times 2) \times 8.90$ OR 53.40
		<b>10</b>	Total wages before tax for all 7 days	<b>1d</b>	AFT (431.65)
		<b>13</b>	Method to calculate 20% tax deduction	<b>1e</b>	AFT $(431.65) \div 100 \times 20 = 86.33$ $(431.65) - 86.33$
		<b>13</b>	Finds correct answer	<b>1f</b>	CAO (345.32)

<b>15</b> (Q22 On-screen)	<b>5</b>			<b>5CA</b>	<b>CAO 2137</b> <i>(accept 2135-2139 for different variations of pi, if all methods are correct)</i>
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			
		<b>16</b>	Correct formula for the area of a circle	<b>1a</b>	CAO $\pi \times 5.5^2$ or $3.14 \times 30.25$
		<b>16</b>	Calculate the area of the circle	<b>1b</b>	CAO 94.985 <i>(accept answers based on different variations of pi, e.g. 95.0455, 95.0330975, etc.)</i>
		<b>10</b>	Calculate the number of red flowers	<b>1c</b>	AFT $(94.985) \times 30$
		<b>11</b>	Method for calculating the number of red flowers	<b>1d</b>	AFT $(2849.55) \div 4 \times 3$
		<b>11</b>	Finds the correct number of red flowers	<b>1e</b>	CAO 2137 <i>(accept 2135-2139 for different variations of pi, if all methods are correct)</i>
<b>16a</b> (Q23 On-screen)	<b>6</b>			<b>6CA</b>	<b>CAO</b> <b>3 correct volumes, Box A</b> <b>Trolley and 29.8kg</b>
		<b>If the answer is incorrect revert to:</b>			
		<b>14</b>	Converts the height to cm or the width/length to m	<b>1a</b>	CAO 100cm 80cm 90cm OE
		<b>17</b>	Calculates the volume of at least 1 box correctly	<b>1b</b>	CAO A = 100,000(cm <sup>3</sup> ) OR 0.1(m <sup>3</sup> ) B = 84,000(cm <sup>3</sup> ) OR 0.0840(m <sup>3</sup> ) C = 95,760(cm <sup>3</sup> ) OR 0.0957.6(m <sup>3</sup> )
		<b>17</b>	Calculates the volume for all 3 boxes correctly	<b>1c</b>	CAO A = 100,000(cm <sup>3</sup> ) OR 0.1(m <sup>3</sup> ) B = 84,000(cm <sup>3</sup> ) OR 0.0840(m <sup>3</sup> ) C = 95,760(cm <sup>3</sup> ) OR 0.0957.6(m <sup>3</sup> )
		<b>17</b>	Finds the box with the largest volume	<b>1d</b>	CAO (Box A)
<b>16b</b> (Q24 On-screen)		<b>10</b>	Method for calculating total possible weight	<b>1e</b>	$8 \times 3.1 + 5 = 29.8$ OE
		<b>10</b>	Calculates the heaviest box and makes correct selection	<b>1f</b>	CAO Trolley, heaviest box is B, total max weight of 29.8Kg OE